ACCOMPANYING PERSONS PROGRAM

"**Timisoara is a vibrant, cultural and charming city**", writes the Spanish newspaper La Vanguardia about the capital of Banat.

Timisoara has that unique note that invites people to visit it and find out its history, still keeping visible traces of its different cultures: the Ottoman Empire, the Austro-Hungarian Empire and the communist past.

Timisoara is recognized as a city of parks, because it is full of gardens and green areas. The best known is the Rose Park, with over 1,200 species.

The city is also called "Little Vienna" of Romania and bears this name due to its architectural resemblance to the Austrian city, as well as endless works built in the same style by the best masters of the Austro-Hungarian Empire.

But let's start with Union Square, which is located in the historic center and was built by the Habsburg dynasty in the early days of the city. Around the square are iconic secessionist buildings - the name given to modernism in Austria and Romania. The Brück House has a façade full of colors and curved shapes, a testament to the architecture of the late 19th and early 20th centuries. On the ground floor there is an old pharmacy that keeps the furniture from that time.

A few meters away we can see another beautiful building, the Emmer House. In the same area is the Art Museum, with the same type of construction. The cobbled streets and the ensemble of baroque and secessionist style buildings make the city a real gem.

The Roman Catholic Cathedral or St. George's Cathedral is located on one side of the square; it is a building that impresses with its beauty. It was a symbol of the rapprochement between the Habsburgs and the Catholic Church. A few meters away is the Serbian Orthodox Episcopate, also impressive and amazing. In the center of the Union Square is the Holy Trinity Column, built in the 18th century, and today it is one of the most posted places on Instagram.

Through Liberty Square, where the Old Town Hall, the Military Casino and the St. Nepomuk Statue stand out, you can reach Victoriei Square, former Opera Square, one of the central squares of Timisoara, the place where Timisoara was proclaimed the first free city on December 20, 1989. from Romania. Opposite the square are the Opera House to the north and the Metropolitan Cathedral to the south. From the Opera to the Cathedral the promenade on the right is called "Corso" and the one on the left is called "Surrogate". Around the square there are cultural institutions - the Romanian Opera, the National Theater, the Hungarian State Theater, the German State Theater, the Metropolitan Cathedral, the Banat Museum, art galleries and the wonderful palaces of Timisoara: Weiss Palace, Lloyd's Palace which houses the Rectorate of the Polytechnic, and on the ground floor and the famous Lloyd's restaurant. In order follow Neuhausz Palace, Merbl Palace, Dauerbach Palace, Hilt Palace and, finally, Széchenyi Palace. Opposite is the Löffler Palace, followed by the Palace of the Chamber of Commerce.





Weiss Palace



Lloyd Palace



Neuhausz Palace



Merbl Palace



Dauerbach Palace



Hilt Palace



Szechenyi Palace



Loffler Palace



Timisoara Chamber of Commerce, Industry and Agriculture

Thursday, 22 September 2022

In the morning Let's discover Timisoara with the tourist tram

After lunch Free program at Iulius Mall







Friday 23 September 2022

- In the morning Floating on the Bega vaporetto trip
- After lunch Free program at Shopping City



